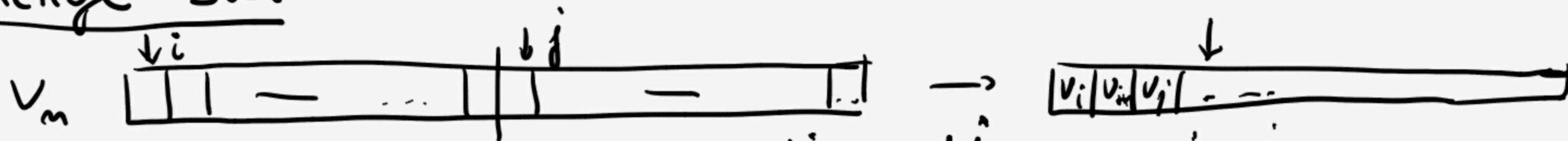
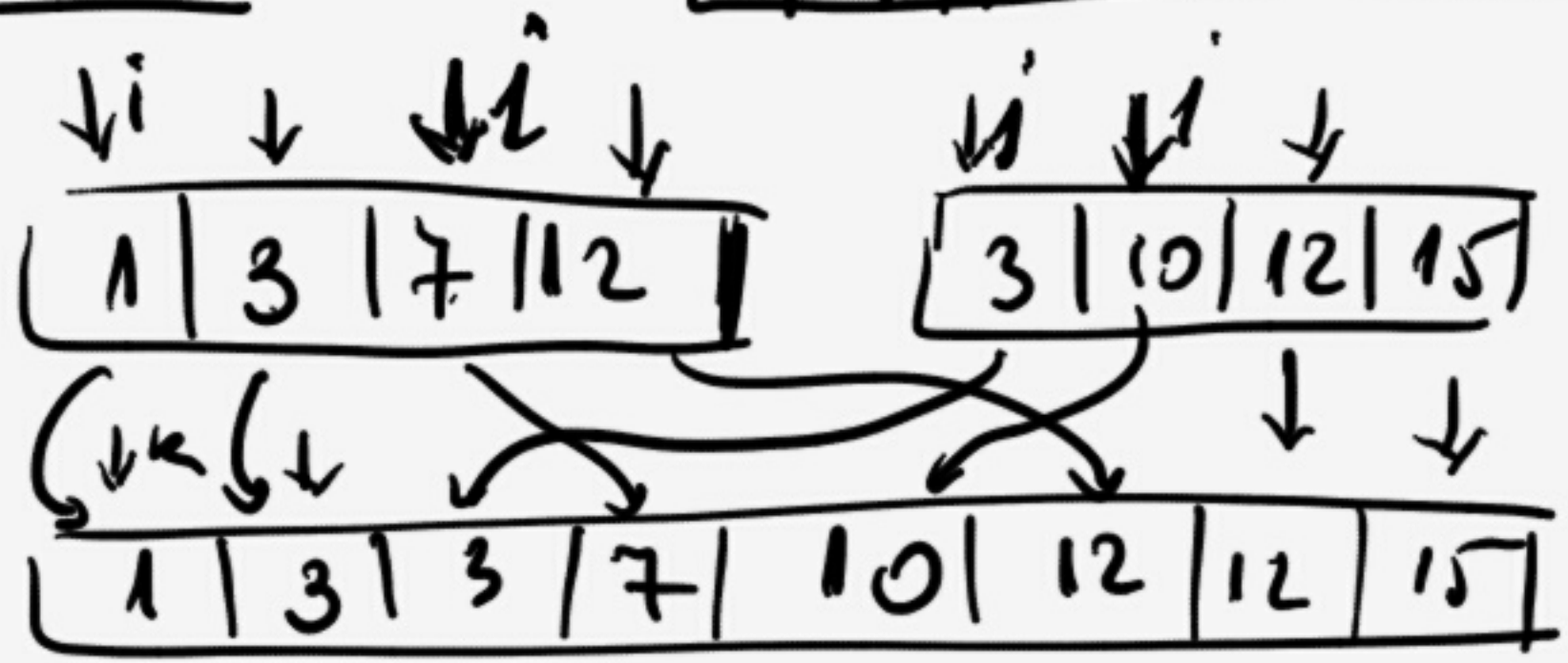


Merge Sort



- ① Split v
- ② Sort $\rightarrow \frac{n}{2}$
- ③ Merge $\rightarrow \frac{n}{2} \rightarrow n$



Merge Sort - Pseudocode $\rightarrow O(n \lg_2 n)$

$mSort(v, start, end)$

middle $\leftarrow (start + end) / 2$

if $(start == end)$ return;

$mSort(v, start, middle)$

$mSort(v, middle, end)$

alloc $\sigma[end - start]$

$i \leftarrow start$

$i \leftarrow middle$

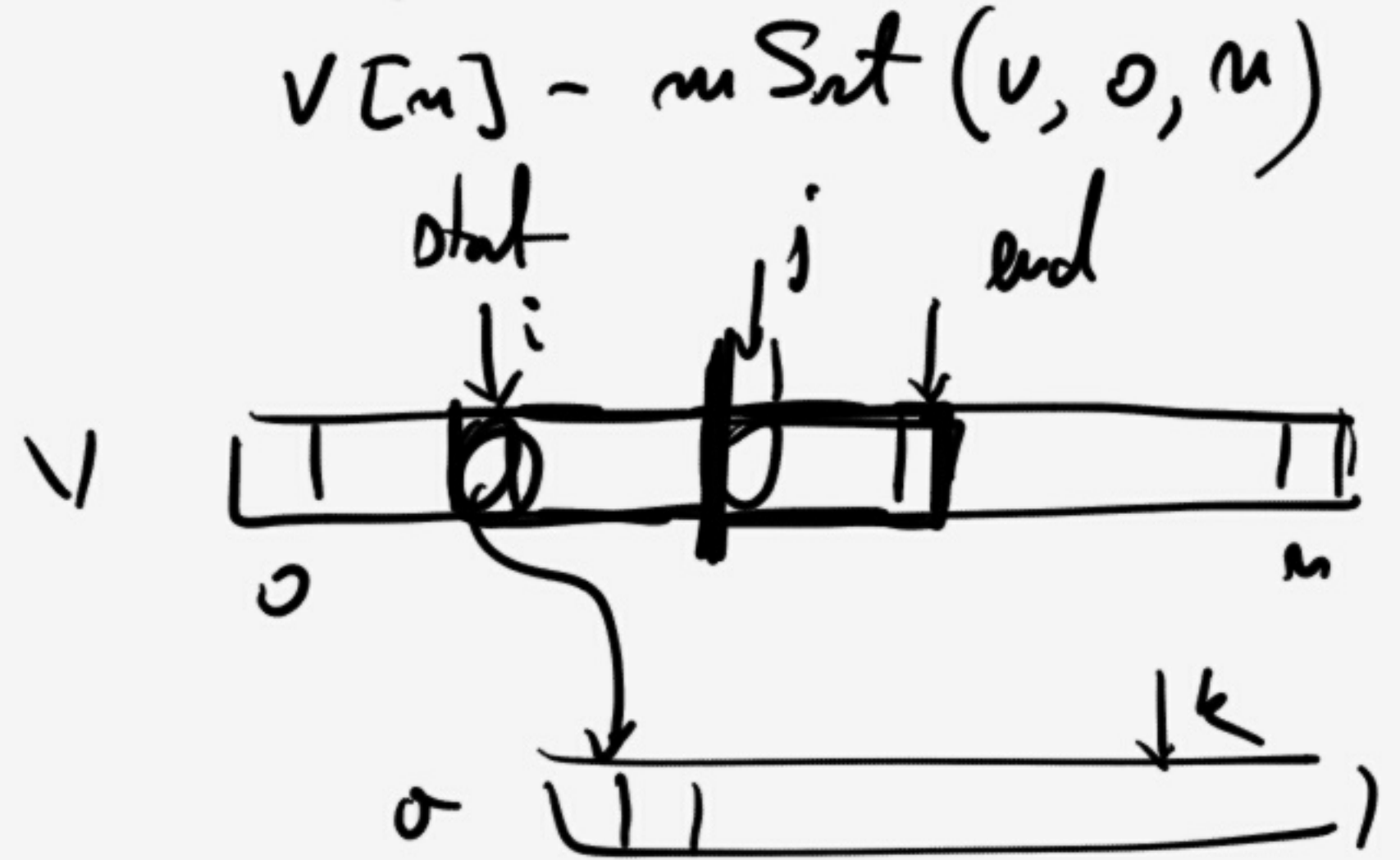
for $(k = 0 \dots end - start - 1)$

if $v[i] < v[i] \parallel i == end$

$\sigma[k] \leftarrow v[i]$

else

$i++$



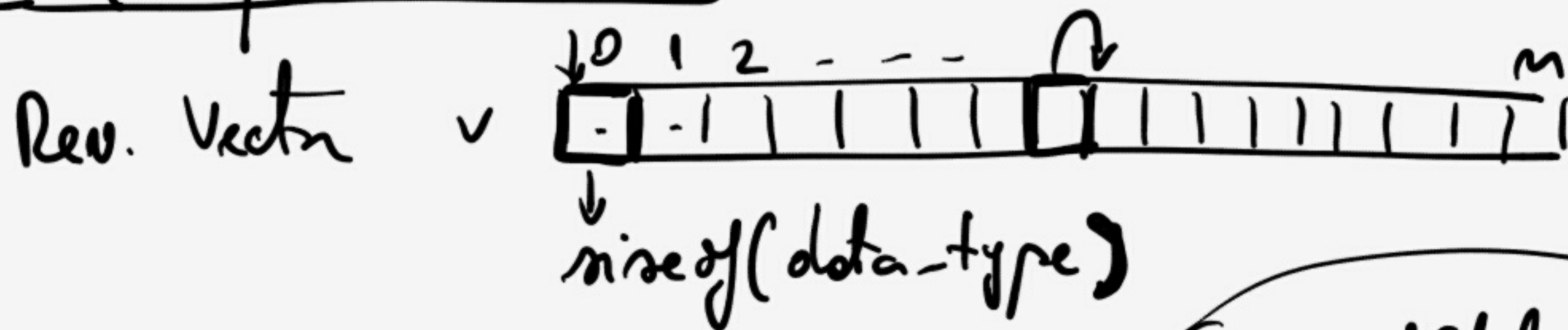
$\sigma[k] \leftarrow v[i]$

$i++$

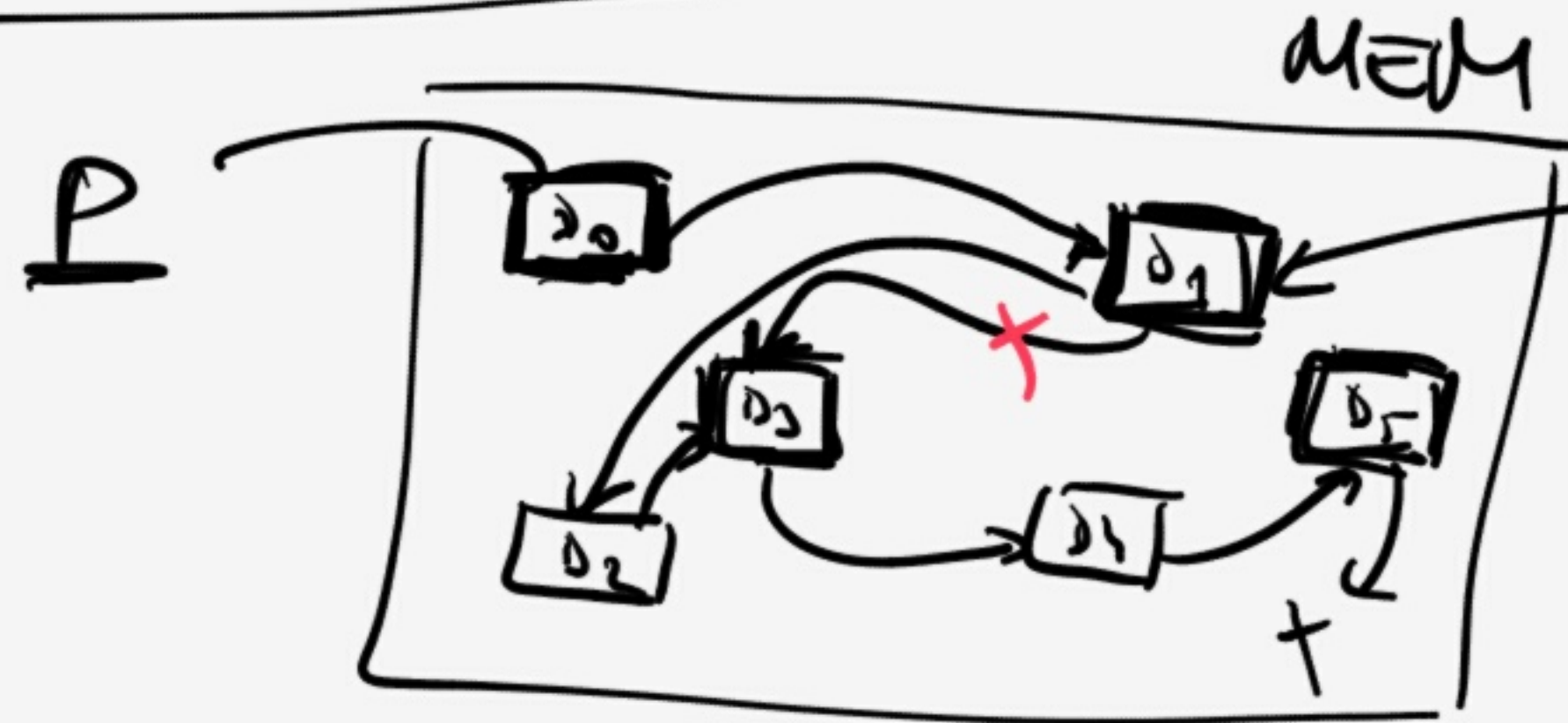
endfor

$v[start: end] \leftarrow \sigma$

Liste (simplu în lănițuite)



$$v[k] \equiv v + k * \text{size of (data-type)}$$

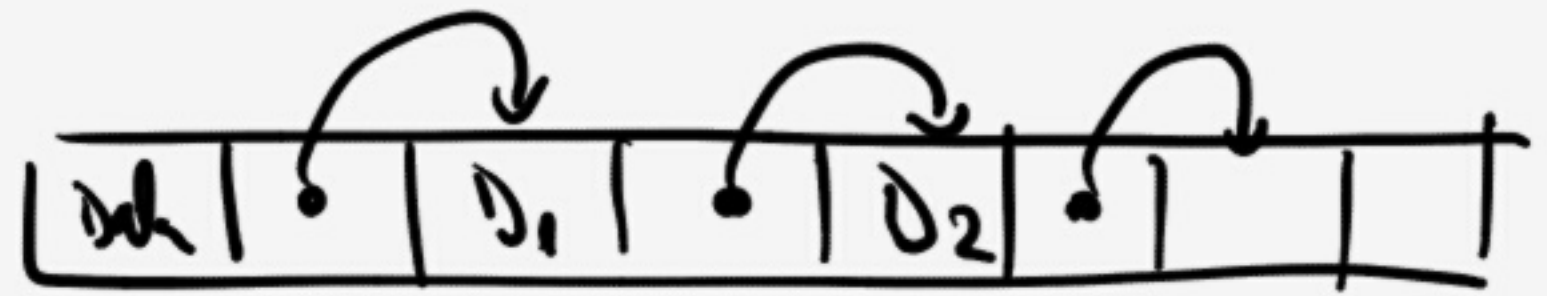


celula / nod

Insertie in $O(1)$
Accesul este secvential in $O(n)$

$n \text{ Cells} * \text{size of (cell)}$
" "
 $1 + P$

```
struct Node {  
    int data;  
    struct Node *next;  
};
```

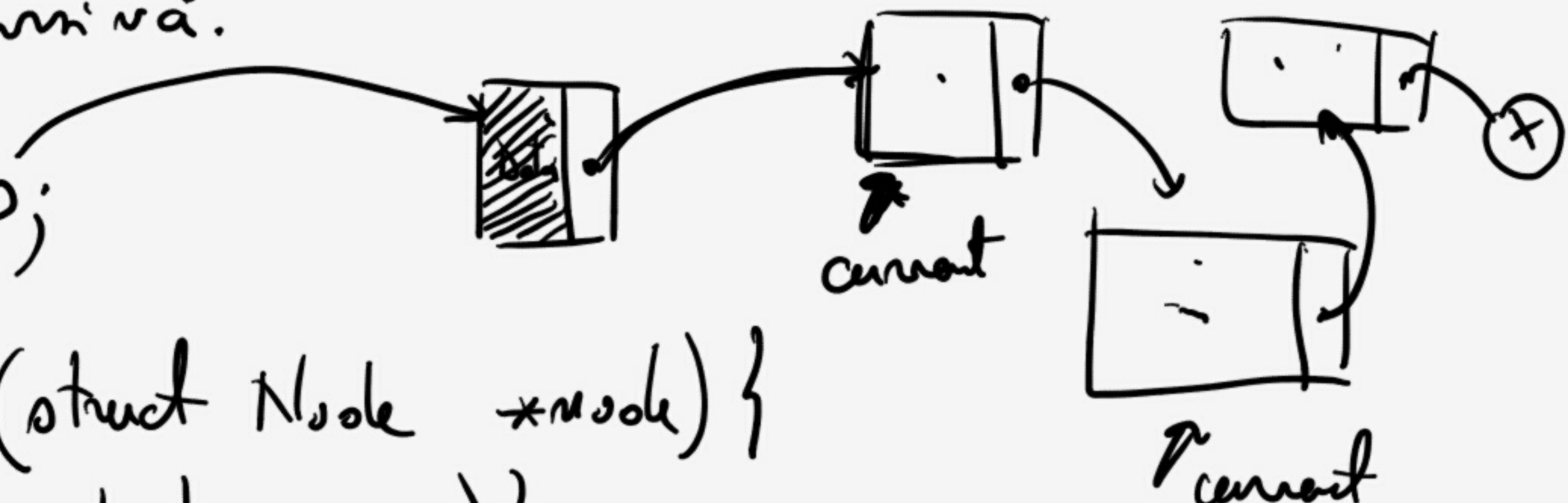


```
struct Node *myNode = (struct Node*) malloc (sizeof (struct Node));
```

```
myNode -> data = 743;  
myNode -> next = NULL;
```

① Iterative recursive.

```
struct Node *p;
```



```
void printList(struct Node *node) {  
    if (node->next != NULL) {  
        printf("%d\n", node->next->data);  
        printList(node->next);  
    }  
}
```

```
void printListNonRecursive(struct Node *node) {
```

```
    struct Node *current;
```

```
    for (current = node->next; current != NULL;
```

```
        current = current->next;) {  
        printf("%d", current->data);  
    }
```

```
}
```

uniq. char i, j ;

$\{n(i=0, j=1; \underline{i < j}; i++, j++)\}$

} // ...

Căutare în listă \rightarrow sequential $O(n)$

Operatie	Vector	Listă simplu înlănțuită
Acces	$O(1)$	$O(n)$
Căutare	$O(n)$ / $O(\log_2 n)$	$O(n)$ / $O(n)$
insertie după k	$O(n)$ / $O(\log_2 n)$ + $O(n) = O(n)$	$O(n) + O(1) = O(n)$
insertie pe poz j	$O(n)$	$O(n) + O(1) = O(n)$

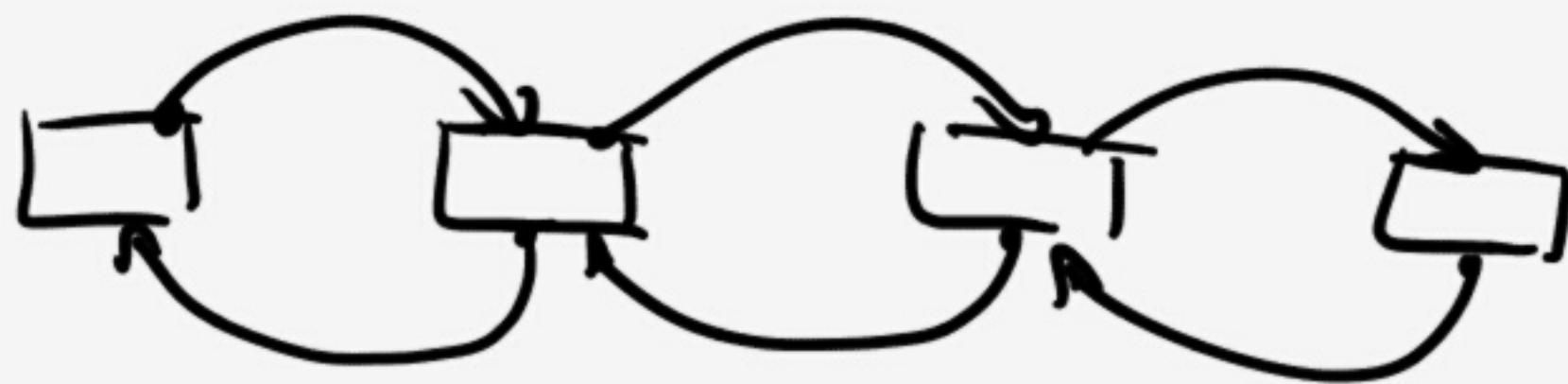
Solare pt. liste
 simple inlant, uite

- Bubble-sort ✓ $O(n^2)$
- Insertion Sort ✓ $O(n^2)$
- Quick Sort ✗
- Merge Sort ✓ $> O(n \log_2 n)$

LSI



LDI



Overhead dublu
de memorie


```
struct DNode {  
    int data;  
    struct DNode *next;  
    struct DNode *prev;  
};
```